# Logic and Bayesian Networks 

Part 4: Variable Elimination

Jinbo Huang

## Elimination



## Elimination



$$
\operatorname{Pr}(D, E) ?
$$

| D | E | $\operatorname{Pr}(D, E)$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| true | true | .30443 |
| true | false | .39507 |
| false | true | .05957 |
| false | false | .24093 |

Sum out variables $A, B, C$ from network

## Elimination

| A | $B$ | $C$ | $D$ | $E$ | $\operatorname{Pr}()$. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| true | true | true | true | true | 0.06384 |
| true | true | true | true | false | 0.02736 |
| true | true | true | false | true | 0.00336 |
| true | true | true | false | false | 0.00144 |
| true | true | false | true | true | 0.0 |
| true | true | false | true | false | 0.02160 |
| true | true | false | false | true | 0.0 |
| true | true | false | false | false | 0.00240 |
| true | false | true | true | true | 0.21504 |
| true | false | true | true | false | 0.09216 |
| true | false | true | false | true | 0.05376 |
| true | false | true | false | false | 0.02304 |
| true | false | false | true | true | 0.0 |
| true | false | false | true | false | 0.0 |
| true | false | false | false | true | 0.0 |
| true | false | false | false | false | 0.09600 |
| false | true | true | true | true | 0.01995 |
| false | true | true | true | false | 0.00855 |
| false | true | true | false | true | 0.00105 |
| false | true | true | false | false | 0.00045 |
| false | true | false | true | true | 0.0 |
| false | true | false | true | false | 0.24300 |
| false | true | false | false | true | 0.0 |
| false | true | false | false | false | 0.02700 |
| false | false | true | true | true | 0.00560 |
| false | false | true | true | false | 0.00240 |
| false | false | true | false | true | 0.00140 |
| false | false | true | false | false | 0.00060 |
| false | false | false | true | true | 0.0 |
| false | false | false | true | false | 0.0 |
| false | false | false | false | true | 0.0 |
| false | false | false | false | false | 0.0900 |
| fren |  |  |  |  |  |

## Summing out variables $A$

| A | B | C | D | E | $\operatorname{Pr}()$. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| true | true | true | true | true | 0.06384 |
| false | true | true | true | true | 0.01995 |


| B | C | D | E | $\operatorname{Pr}()$. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| true | true | true | true | $0.08379=0.06384+0.01995$ |

# Do it for all instantiations of $B, C, D, E$ 

## Repeat to eliminate $B, C$

## Elimination

| A | $B$ | $C$ | $D$ | $E$ | $\operatorname{Pr}()$. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| true | true | true | true | true | 0.06384 |
| true | true | true | true | false | 0.02736 |
| true | true | true | false | true | 0.00336 |
| true | true | true | false | false | 0.00144 |
| true | true | false | true | true | 0.0 |
| true | true | false | true | false | 0.02160 |
| true | true | false | false | true | 0.0 |
| true | true | false | false | false | 0.00240 |
| true | false | true | true | true | 0.21504 |
| true | false | true | true | false | 0.09216 |
| true | false | true | false | true | 0.05376 |
| true | false | true | false | false | 0.02304 |
| true | false | false | true | true | 0.0 |
| true | false | false | true | false | 0.0 |
| true | false | false | false | true | 0.0 |
| true | false | false | false | false | 0.09600 |
| false | true | true | true | true | 0.01995 |
| false | true | true | true | false | 0.00855 |
| false | true | true | false | true | 0.00105 |
| false | true | true | false | false | 0.00045 |
| false | true | false | true | true | 0.0 |
| false | true | false | true | false | 0.24300 |
| false | true | false | false | true | 0.0 |
| false | true | false | false | false | 0.02700 |
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| false | false | true | true | false | 0.00240 |
| false | false | true | false | true | 0.00140 |
| false | false | true | false | false | 0.00060 |
| false | false | false | true | true | 0.0 |
| false | false | false | true | false | 0.0 |
| false | false | false | false | true | 0.0 |
| false | false | false | false | false | 0.0900 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |

## Summing out variables $A$

| A | B | C | D | E | $\operatorname{Pr}()$. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| true | true | true | true | true | 0.06384 |
| false | true | true | true | true | 0.01995 |


| B | C | D | E | $\operatorname{Pr}()$. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| true | true | true | true | $0.08379=0.06384+0.01995$ |

# Do it for all instantiations of $B, C, D, E$ 

## Repeat to eliminate $B, C$

Exponential in number of variables

## Elimination

| A | $B$ | $C$ | $D$ | $E$ | $\operatorname{Pr}()$. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| true | true | true | true | true | 0.06384 |
| true | true | true | true | false | 0.02736 |
| true | true | true | false | true | 0.00336 |
| true | true | true | false | false | 0.00144 |
| true | true | false | true | true | 0.0 |
| true | true | false | true | false | 0.02160 |
| true | true | false | false | true | 0.0 |
| true | true | false | false | false | 0.00240 |
| true | false | true | true | true | 0.21504 |
| true | false | true | true | false | 0.09216 |
| true | false | true | false | true | 0.05376 |
| true | false | true | false | false | 0.02304 |
| true | false | false | true | true | 0.0 |
| true | false | false | true | false | 0.0 |
| true | false | false | false | true | 0.0 |
| true | false | false | false | false | 0.09600 |
| false | true | true | true | true | 0.01995 |
| false | true | true | true | false | 0.00855 |
| false | true | true | false | true | 0.00105 |
| false | true | true | false | false | 0.00045 |
| false | true | false | true | true | 0.0 |
| false | true | false | true | false | 0.24300 |
| false | true | false | false | true | 0.0 |
| false | true | false | false | false | 0.02700 |
| false | false | true | true | true | 0.00560 |
| false | false | true | true | false | 0.00240 |
| false | false | true | false | true | 0.00140 |
| false | false | true | false | false | 0.00060 |
| false | false | false | true | true | 0.0 |
| false | false | false | true | false | 0.0 |
| false | false | false | false | true | 0.0 |
| false | false | false | false | false | 0.0900 |
| fren |  |  |  |  |  |

## Summing out variables $A$

| A | B | C | D | E | $\operatorname{Pr}()$. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| true | true | true | true | true | 0.06384 |
| false | true | true | true | true | 0.01995 |


| B | C | D | E | $\operatorname{Pr}()$. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| true | true | true | true | $0.08379=0.06384+0.01995$ |

# Do it for all instantiations of $B, C, D, E$ 

Repeat to eliminate $B, C$
Exponential in number of variables
Solution: Elimination in factored form

## Factors

| $B$ | $C$ | $D$ | $f_{1}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| true | true | true | .95 |
| true | true | false | .05 |
| true | false | true | .9 |
| true | false | false | .1 |
| false | true | true | .8 |
| false | true | false | .2 |
| false | false | true | 0 |
| false | false | false | 1 |


| $D$ | $E$ | $f_{2}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| true | true | 0.448 |
| true | false | 0.192 |
| false | true | 0.112 |
| false | false | 0.248 |

Two factors: $f_{1}(b, c, d)=\operatorname{Pr}(d \mid b, c)$ and $f_{2}(d, e)=\operatorname{Pr}(d, e)$

- $f\left(x_{1}, \ldots, x_{n}\right)$ : function from instantiation to number
- Can be joint or conditional probability
- Trivial factor: $n=0$


## Factors: Summing Out

- Summing out $Z \in \mathbf{X}$ from $f(\mathbf{X})$, where $\mathbf{Y}=\mathbf{X} \backslash\{Z\}$

$$
\left(\sum_{Z} f\right)(\mathbf{y}) \stackrel{\text { def }}{=} \sum_{z} f(z, \mathbf{y})
$$

- Commutative

$$
\sum_{Z} \sum_{W} f=\sum_{W} \sum_{Z} f
$$

- Summing out multiple variables $\sum_{\mathbf{Z}} f$ : marginalizing variables $\mathbf{Z}$, projecting $f$ on variables $\mathbf{Y}$ (other variables)
- Complexity $O(\exp (w))$, where $w=|\mathbf{X}|$


## Factors: Multiplication

- Multiplying $f_{1}(\mathbf{X})$ and $f_{2}(\mathbf{Y})$

$$
\left(f_{1} f_{2}\right)(\mathbf{z}) \stackrel{\text { def }}{=} f_{1}(\mathbf{x}) f_{2}(\mathbf{y})
$$

where $\mathbf{Z}=\mathbf{X} \cup \mathbf{Y}, \mathbf{x} \sim \mathbf{z}, \mathbf{y} \sim \mathbf{z}$

- Commutative and associative
- Complexity $O(m \exp (w))$ for $m$ factors, where $w=|\mathbf{Z}|$


## Prior Marginals by Elimination



## Joint probability by chain rule

$$
\operatorname{Pr}(a, b, c, d, e)=\theta_{e \mid c} \theta_{d \mid b c} \theta_{c \mid a} \theta_{b \mid a} \theta_{a}
$$

## Prior Marginals by Elimination



Joint probability by chain rule

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\operatorname{Pr}(a, b, c, d, e)=\theta_{e \mid c} \theta_{d \mid b c} \theta_{c \mid a} \theta_{b \mid a} \theta_{a}
$$

Joint probability as $\Pi$ of factors

$$
\Theta_{E \mid C} \Theta_{D \mid B C} \Theta_{D \mid A} \Theta_{B \mid A} \Theta_{A}
$$

## Prior Marginals by Elimination



## Prior Marginals by Elimination



Joint probability by chain rule

$$
\operatorname{Pr}(a, b, c, d, e)=\theta_{e \mid c} \theta_{d \mid b c} \theta_{c \mid a} \theta_{b \mid a} \theta_{a}
$$

Joint probability as $\Pi$ of factors

$$
\Theta_{E \mid C} \Theta_{D \mid B C} \Theta_{D \mid A} \Theta_{B \mid A} \Theta_{A}
$$

|  |  |  | $A$ | $B$ | $\Theta_{B \mid A}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $A$ | $\Theta_{A}$ |  | true | true | .2 |
| true | .6 |  | true | false | .8 |
| false | .4 |  | false | true | .75 |
|  |  |  |  | false | false | .25


| $A$ | $C$ | $\Theta_{C \mid A}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| true | true | .8 |
| true | false | .2 |
| false | true | .1 |
| false | false | .9 |

Marginals

| $B$ | $C$ | $D$ | $\Theta_{D \mid B C}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| true | true | true | .95 |
| true | true | false | .05 |
| true | false | true | .9 |
| true | false | false | .1 |
| false | true | true | .8 |
| false | true | false | .2 |
| false | false | true | 0 |
| false | false | false | 1 |


| $C$ | $E$ | $\Theta_{E \mid C}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| true | true | .7 |
| true | false | .3 |
| false | true | 0 |
| false | false | 1 |

$$
\operatorname{Pr}(D, E)=\sum_{A, B, C} \Theta_{E \mid C} \Theta_{D \mid B C} \Theta_{D \mid A} \Theta_{B \mid A} \Theta_{A}
$$

Complexity still exponential in \# of variables

## Prior Marginals by Elimination: Early Summation

- Don't multiply all factors before summation
- Theorem: If $X$ does not appear in $f_{1}$, then

$$
\sum_{X} f_{1} f_{2}=f_{1} \sum_{X} f_{2}
$$

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- Don't multiply all factors before summation
- Theorem: If $X$ does not appear in $f_{1}$, then

$$
\sum_{X} f_{1} f_{2}=f_{1} \sum_{X} f_{2}
$$

- For example, if $X$ appears only in $f_{n}$, then

$$
\sum_{X} f_{1} \ldots f_{n}=f_{1} \ldots f_{n-1} \sum_{X} f_{n}
$$

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- Don't multiply all factors before summation
- Theorem: If $X$ does not appear in $f_{1}$, then

$$
\sum_{x} f_{1} f_{2}=f_{1} \sum_{x} f_{2}
$$

- For example, if $X$ appears only in $f_{n}$, then

$$
\sum_{X} f_{1} \ldots f_{n}=f_{1} \ldots f_{n-1} \sum_{X} f_{n}
$$

- Similarly, if $X$ appears only in $f_{n-1}$ and $f_{n}$, then

$$
\sum_{x} f_{1} \ldots f_{n}=f_{1} \ldots f_{n-2} \sum_{x} f_{n-1} f_{n}
$$

## Prior Marginals by Elimination: Early Summation

- Multiply all factors that include $X$, sum out $X$ from result
- Early summation reduces factor size, hence complexity of $\Pi$


## Prior Marginals by Elimination: Early Summation



Compute $\operatorname{Pr}(C)$ : eliminate $A$, then $B$

| $A$ | $\Theta_{A}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| true | .6 |
| false | .4 |


| $A$ | $B$ | $\Theta_{B \mid A}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| true | true | .9 |
| true | false | .1 |
| false | true | .2 |
| false | false | .8 |


| $B$ | $C$ | $\Theta_{C \mid B}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| true | true | .3 |
| true | false | .7 |
| false | true | .5 |
| false | false | .5 |

## Prior Marginals by Elimination: Early Summation



| $A$ | $\Theta_{A}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| true | .6 |
| false | .4 |

Compute $\operatorname{Pr}(C)$ : eliminate $A$, then $B$

Two factors mention $A$ : $\Theta_{A}, \Theta_{B \mid A}$

## Prior Marginals by Elimination: Early Summation



| $A$ | $\Theta_{A}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| true | .6 |
| false | .4 |

Multiply $\Theta_{A}$ and $\Theta_{B \mid A}$

| A | B | $\Theta_{A} \Theta_{B \mid A}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| true | true | .54 |
| true | false | .06 |
| false | true | .08 |
| false | false | .32 |

## Prior Marginals by Elimination: Early Summation

| $A$ | $\Theta_{A}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| true | .6 |
| false | .4 |



| $A$ | $B$ | $\Theta_{B \mid A}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| true | true | .9 |
| true | false | .1 |
| false | true | .2 |
| false | false | .8 |



Multiply $\Theta_{A}$ and $\Theta_{B \mid A}$

| A | B | $\Theta_{A} \Theta_{B \mid A}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| true | true | .54 |
| true | false | .06 |
| false | true | .08 |
| false | false | .32 |

## Sum out $A$

| B | $\sum_{A} \Theta_{A} \Theta_{B \mid A}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| true | $.62=.54+.08$ |
| false | $.38=.06+.32$ |

## Prior Marginals by Elimination: Early Summation



| $A$ | $\Theta_{A}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| true | .6 |
| false | .4 |

Two factors left, $\Theta_{C \mid B} \&$ $\sum_{A} \Theta_{A} \Theta_{B \mid A}$, multiply

| B | C | $\Theta_{C \mid B} \sum_{A} \Theta_{A} \Theta_{B \mid A}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| true | true | .186 |
| true | false | .434 |
| false | true | .190 |
| false | false | .190 |

## Prior Marginals by Elimination: Early Summation

| $A$ | $\Theta_{A}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| true | .6 |
| false | .4 |




Two factors left, $\Theta_{C \mid B}$ \& $\sum_{A} \Theta_{A} \Theta_{B \mid A}$, multiply

| B | C | $\Theta_{C \mid B} \sum_{A} \Theta_{A} \Theta_{B \mid A}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| true | true | .186 |
| true | false | .434 |
| false | true | .190 |
| false | false | .190 |

## Sum out $B$

$$
\begin{array}{l|l}
C & \sum_{B} \Theta_{C \mid B} \sum_{A} \Theta_{A} \Theta_{B \mid A} \\
\hline \text { true } & .376 \\
\text { false } & .624
\end{array}
$$

## Prior Marginals by Elimination: Early Summation



| $A$ | $\Theta_{A}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| true | .6 |
| false | .4 |


| $A$ | $B$ | $\Theta_{B \mid A}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| true | true | .9 |
| true | false | .1 |
| false | true | .2 |
| false | false | .8 |


| $B$ | $C$ | $\Theta_{C \mid B}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| true | true | .3 |
| true | false | .7 |
| false | true | .5 |
| false | false | .5 |

Biggest factor produced: 4 rows

Two factors left, $\Theta_{C \mid B} \&$ $\sum_{A} \Theta_{A} \Theta_{B \mid A}$, multiply

| B | C | $\Theta_{C \mid B} \sum_{A} \Theta_{A} \Theta_{B \mid A}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| true | true | .186 |
| true | false | .434 |
| false | true | .190 |
| false | false | .190 |

Sum out $B$

| $C$ | $\sum_{B} \Theta_{C \mid B} \sum_{A} \Theta_{A} \Theta_{B \mid A}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| true | .376 |
| false | .624 |

## Prior Marginals by Elimination: Algorithm

Input: Bayesian network $\mathcal{N}$, variables $\mathbf{Q}$, order $\pi$ on other variables
Output: prior marginal $\operatorname{Pr}(\mathbf{Q})$
1: $\mathcal{S} \leftarrow$ CPTs of network $\mathcal{N}$
2: for $i=1$ to $|\pi|$ do
3: $\quad f \leftarrow \prod_{k} f_{k}$, where $f_{k} \in \mathcal{S}$ and mentions variable $\pi(i)$
4: $\quad f_{i} \leftarrow \sum_{\pi(i)} f$
5: remove all $f_{k}$ from $\mathcal{S}$, add $f_{i}$
6: return $\prod_{f \in \mathcal{S}} f$

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Input: Bayesian network $\mathcal{N}$, variables $\mathbf{Q}$, order $\pi$ on other variables
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4: $\quad f_{i} \leftarrow \sum_{\pi(i)} f$
5: remove all $f_{k}$ from $\mathcal{S}$, add $f_{i}$
6: return $\prod_{f \in \mathcal{S}} f$
Complexity (not counting line 6): $O(n \exp (w))$, where $w$ is \# of variables of largest $f_{i}$, known as width of order $\pi$

## Prior Marginals by Elimination: Algorithm

Input: Bayesian network $\mathcal{N}$, variables $\mathbf{Q}$, order $\pi$ on other variables
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1: $\mathcal{S} \leftarrow \mathrm{CPT}$ s of network $\mathcal{N}$
2: for $i=1$ to $|\pi|$ do
3: $\quad f \leftarrow \prod_{k} f_{k}$, where $f_{k} \in \mathcal{S}$ and mentions variable $\pi(i)$
4: $\quad f_{i} \leftarrow \sum_{\pi(i)} f$
5: remove all $f_{k}$ from $\mathcal{S}$, add $f_{i}$
6: return $\prod_{f \in \mathcal{S}} f$
How do we find all $f_{k}$ on line 3 quickly (linear in $\#$ of such $f_{k}$ )?

## Prior Marginals by Elimination: Bucket Elimination

| Bucket | Factors |
| :---: | :--- |
| $E$ | $\Theta_{E \mid C}$ |
| $B$ | $\Theta_{B \mid A}, \Theta_{D \mid B C}$ |
| $C$ | $\Theta_{C \mid A}$ |
| $D$ |  |
| $A$ | $\Theta_{A}$ |

## Prior Marginals by Elimination: Bucket Elimination

| Bucket | Factors |
| :---: | :--- |
| $E$ | $\Theta_{E \mid C}$ |
| $B$ | $\Theta_{B \mid A}, \Theta_{D \mid B C}$ |
| $C$ | $\Theta_{C \mid A}$ |
| $D$ |  |
| $A$ | $\Theta_{A}$ |


| Bucket | Factors |
| :---: | :--- |
| $E$ |  |
| $B$ | $\Theta_{B \mid A}$, |
| $C$ | $\Theta_{D \mid B C}$ |
| $D$ |  |
| $A$ | $\Theta_{C \mid A}$, |

## Width of Elimination Order

- Should prefer order with smaller width
- How to compute width, without actually running elimination?


## Width of Elimination Order

- Should prefer order with smaller width
- How to compute width, without actually running elimination?
- Only care about size of factors, run abstract version of algorithm keeping track of factor sizes only


## Width of Elimination Order



## Computing Good Elimination Orders

- Finding optimal order is NP-hard
- Min-degree: eliminate variable with fewest neighbors
- Min-fill: eliminate variable leading to fewest fill-in edges


## Posterior Marginals by Elimination



## Posterior Marginals by Elimination



## Posterior Marginals by Elimination

- Zero out all rows of all factors inconsistent with e
- Run elimination, result will be joint marginal $\operatorname{Pr}(\mathbf{Q}, \mathbf{e})$
- Add all entries to obtain $\operatorname{Pr}(\mathbf{e})$
- $\operatorname{Pr}(\mathbf{Q} \mid \mathbf{e})=\frac{\operatorname{Pr}(\mathbf{Q}, \mathbf{e})}{\operatorname{Pr}(\mathbf{e})}$


## Posterior Marginals by Elimination

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- Add all entries to obtain $\operatorname{Pr}(\mathbf{e})$
- $\operatorname{Pr}(\mathbf{Q} \mid \mathbf{e})=\frac{\operatorname{Pr}(\mathbf{Q}, \mathbf{e})}{\operatorname{Pr}(\mathbf{e})}$
- Run with $\mathbf{Q}=\emptyset$ for $\operatorname{Pr}(\mathbf{e})$


## Network Structure and Complexity: Treewidth

- Complexity of elimination exp. in width of elimination order
- Treewidth is width of best elimination order for given network
- Quantifies how close the network resembles a tree


## Network Structure and Complexity: Treewidth



1


2


3


3

## Network Structure and Complexity: Treewidth

- Trees have treewidth 1
- \# of nodes has no genuine effect on treewidth
- \# of parents per node has effect
- Treewidth $\geq$ max \# of parents per node
- Equality holds for polytrees, or singly-connected networks
- Loops tend to increase treewidth
- \# of loops has no genuine effect


## Query Structure and Complexity: Network Pruning

- Consider computation of $\operatorname{Pr}(\mathbf{Q}, \mathbf{e})$ (includes prior marginals and probability of evidence as special cases)


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- Pruning nodes: All leaves $\notin \mathbf{Q} \cup \mathbf{E}$, iteratively
- Worst case: All leaves $\in \mathbf{Q} \cup \mathbf{E}$, no pruning
- Best case: All $\mathbf{Q} \cup \mathbf{E}$ are roots, every node $\notin \mathbf{Q} \cup \mathbf{E}$ pruned


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- Best case: All $\mathbf{Q} \cup \mathbf{E}$ are roots, every node $\notin \mathbf{Q} \cup \mathbf{E}$ pruned
- Pruning edges: For each edge $U \rightarrow X, U \in \mathbf{E}$
- Remove edge, shrink CPT $\Theta_{X \mid U}$ by removing rows inconsistent with $\mathbf{e}$ and removing column $U$


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- Pruning nodes: All leaves $\notin \mathbf{Q} \cup \mathbf{E}$, iteratively
- Worst case: All leaves $\in \mathbf{Q} \cup \mathbf{E}$, no pruning
- Best case: All $\mathbf{Q} \cup \mathbf{E}$ are roots, every node $\notin \mathbf{Q} \cup \mathbf{E}$ pruned
- Pruning edges: For each edge $U \rightarrow X, U \in \mathbf{E}$
- Remove edge, shrink CPT $\Theta_{X \mid \mathbf{U}}$ by removing rows inconsistent with $\mathbf{e}$ and removing column $U$
- Effective treewidth is treewidth of pruned network given query


## Arithmetic Circuits from Variable Elimination



| $A$ | $B$ | $\Theta_{B \mid A}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- |
| true | true | $n_{3}=\star\left(\lambda_{b}, \theta_{b \mid a}\right)$ |  |  |
| true | false | $n_{4}=\star\left(\lambda_{\bar{b}}, \theta_{\bar{b} \mid a}\right)$ |  |  |
| false | true | $n_{5}=\star\left(\lambda_{b}, \theta_{b \mid \bar{a}}\right)$ |  | $A$ |
| true | $\Theta_{A}=\star\left(\lambda_{a}, \theta_{a}\right)$ |  |  |  |
| false | false | $n_{6}=\star\left(\lambda_{\bar{b}}, \theta_{\bar{b} \mid \bar{a}}\right)$ |  |  |$\quad$ false | $n_{2}=\star\left(\lambda_{\bar{a}}, \theta_{\bar{a}}\right)$ |
| :--- |

## Arithmetic Circuits from Variable Elimination



| $A$ | $B$ | $\Theta_{B \mid A}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| true | true | $n_{3}=\star\left(\lambda_{b}, \theta_{b \mid a}\right)$ |
| true | false | $n_{4}=\star\left(\lambda_{\bar{b}}, \theta_{\bar{b} \mid a}\right)$ |
| false | true | $n_{5}=\star\left(\lambda_{b}, \theta_{b \mid \bar{a}}\right)$ |
| false | false | $n_{6}=\star\left(\lambda_{\bar{b}}, \theta_{\bar{b} \mid \bar{a}}\right)$ |

## Arithmetic Circuits from Variable Elimination



| $A$ | $B$ | $\Theta_{B \mid A}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| true | true | $n_{3}=\star\left(\lambda_{b}, \theta_{b \mid a}\right)$ |
| true | false | $n_{4}=\star\left(\lambda_{\bar{b}}, \theta_{\bar{b} \mid a}\right)$ |
| false | true | $n_{5}=\star\left(\lambda_{b}, \theta_{b \mid \bar{a}}\right)$ |
| false | false | $n_{6}=\star\left(\lambda_{\bar{b}}, \theta_{\bar{b} \mid \bar{a}}\right)$ |


| $A$ | $\sum_{B} \Theta_{B \mid A}$ |
| :---: | :--- |
| true | $n_{7}=+\left(n_{3}, n_{4}\right)$ |

false $n_{8}=+\left(n_{5}, n_{6}\right)$

## Arithmetic Circuits from Variable Elimination



## Arithmetic Circuits from Variable Elimination



## Arithmetic Circuits from Variable Elimination



Circuit size $O(n \exp (w))$ as complexity of variable elimination

## Variable Elimination vs. Compilation

## Variable elimination

- $\Theta(n \exp (w))$ in all cases
- A run of VE answers only one query
- Arithmetic circuit from VE useful for multiple queries, but still $\Theta(n \exp (w))$


## Variable Elimination vs. Compilation

## Variable elimination

- $\Theta(n \exp (w))$ in all cases
- A run of VE answers only one query
- Arithmetic circuit from VE useful for multiple queries, but still $\Theta(n \exp (w))$

Compilation of logical encoding

- Compilation $O(n \exp (w))$ only in worst case, can be much faster
- Smaller arithmetic circuits, faster online query answering


## Reviving Variable Elimination

- Tables always have fixed size: exponential in \# of variables
- Use non-tabular representations of factors to reduce size


## Algebraic Decision Diagrams (ADDs)

| $X$ | $Y$ | $Z$ | $f()$. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| F | F | F | .9 |
| F | F | T | .1 |
| F | T | F | .9 |
| F | T | T | .1 |
| T | F | F | .1 |
| T | F | T | .9 |
| T | T | F | .5 |
| T | T | T | .5 |



## Compactness of ADDs



- $f\left(x_{1}, \ldots, x_{n}\right)=.2$ if odd $\#$ of $x_{i}$ are true, .4 otherwise
- ADD size $O(n)$, tabular size $O(\exp (n))$


## ADD Reduction



## ADD Reduction



## ADD Reduction



## ADD Reduction



## ADD Reduction

- Reduced ADDs are canonical: Unique for given variable order
- Size sensitive to variable order
- When used in elimination, reverse of elimination order tends to work well


## ADD Operations: Apply



## ADD Operations: Apply



- Works with any binary operator:,,$+- \times, /$, etc
- Complexity $O(n m)$ (avoid redundant work with caching)


## ADD Operations: Restrict



## ADD Operations: Restrict



- Complexity $O(n)$, same for multiple variables


## ADD Operations: Sum Out

$$
\sum_{X} f=\sum_{X} f^{X=F}+\sum_{X} f^{X=T}
$$

## From Table to ADD

| $X$ | $Y$ | $Z$ | $f()$. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| F | F | F | .1 |
| F | F | T | .9 |
| F | T | F | .1 |
| F | T | T | .9 |
| T | F | F | .9 |
| T | F | T | .1 |
| T | T | F | .5 |
| T | T | T | .5 |



- Each row to ADD, then add them up


## Variable Elimination with ADDs

Use ADDs instead of tables
Multiplication and summing out by ADD operations

## Arithmetic Circuits from Variable Elimination Revisited

| $X$ | $\Theta_{X}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| $x_{0}$ | .1 |
| $x_{1}$ | .9 |


| $X$ | $Y$ | $\Theta_{Y \mid X}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $x_{0}$ | $y_{0}$ | 0 |
| $x_{0}$ | $y_{1}$ | 1 |
| $x_{1}$ | $y_{0}$ | .5 |
| $x_{1}$ | $y_{1}$ | .5 |



## Arithmetic Circuits from Variable Elimination Revisited

$$
\begin{array}{c|c}
X & \Theta_{X} \\
\hline x_{0} & .1 \\
x_{1} & .9
\end{array}
$$

| $X$ | $Y$ | $\Theta_{Y \mid X}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $x_{0}$ | $y_{0}$ | 0 |
| $x_{0}$ | $y_{1}$ | 1 |
| $x_{1}$ | $y_{0}$ | .5 |
| $x_{1}$ | $y_{1}$ | .5 |



## Arithmetic Circuits from Variable Elimination Revisited

| $X$ | $\Theta_{X}$ |  | $x_{0}$ | $y_{0}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $x_{0}$ | 0 |  |  |  |
| $x_{0}$ | .1 |  | $y_{1}$ | 1 |
| $x_{1}$ | .9 |  | $x_{1}$ | $y_{0}$ |
| $x_{1}$ | $y_{1}$ | .5 |  |  |
|  |  |  | $x_{1}$ | $y_{1}$ |



## Arithmetic Circuits from Variable Elimination Revisited

| $X$ | $\Theta_{X}$ |  | $x_{0}$ | $y_{0}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $x_{0}$ | $y_{1}$ | 1 |  |  |
| $x_{0}$ | .1 |  | $x_{1}$ | $y_{0}$ |
| $x_{1}$ | .9 |  | .5 |  |
| $x_{1}$ | $y_{1}$ | .5 |  |  |



## Arithmetic Circuits from Variable Elimination Revisited

| $X$ | $\Theta_{X}$ |
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| $X$ | $Y$ | $\Theta_{Y \mid X}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $x_{0}$ | $y_{0}$ | 0 |
| $x_{0}$ | $y_{1}$ | 1 |
| $x_{1}$ | $y_{0}$ | .5 |
| $x_{1}$ | $y_{1}$ | .5 |



## Variable Elimination: Summary

- Factors, summing out, multiplication
- Prior marginals by elimination, bucket elimination
- Width of elimination order, min-degree, min-fill
- Posterior marginals and probability of evidence by zeroing out
- Treewidth and complexity
- Network pruning based on query
- Arithmetic circuits from variable elimination
- Variable elimination with ADDs

